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# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2012

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*American Colloid Mitigation Site  
Alzada, Carter County, Montana*



Prepared for:

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December 2012

# **MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT:**

**YEAR 2012**

*American Colloid  
Carter County, Montana*

Initial Construction:  
MDT Project Number NH STPS BR 6(10)  
Control Number 1396

Watershed 16 Repair:  
MDT Project Number STPX 6(15)  
Control Number 6714

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CCI Project No: MDT.004

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Cover: View from NE corner of AC wetland looking west near constructed berm.



## 1. INTRODUCTION

The American Colloid 2012 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report presents the results of the second year of monitoring at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site since the berm and outlet structure were reconstructed. The reconstruction repaired damages sustained from a pipe installation that caused a subsequent dike failure in 2007. The American Colloid mitigation project is situated approximately 2 miles south and 7 miles west of Alzada, Montana, on Montana School Trust Land in Lot 7, Lot 10, and Lot 11 of Section 36, Township 9 South, Range 58 East (Figure 1). Figures 2 and 3 in Appendix A show the Monitoring Activity Locations and Mapped Site Features, respectively. The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form, the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Determination Data Forms (USACE 2010), and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (MWAM) (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) are included in Appendix B. Appendix C shows project area photographs of the site and Appendix D presents the project plan sheet.

The mitigation site is located in Watershed 16, the Little Missouri River Basin, in the Glendive District on land owned by the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC). The land was formerly leased to the American Colloid Mining Company. The site is currently under an MDT conservation easement. The elevation is approximately 3,518 feet above mean sea level. The site was mined for bentonite clay prior to the 1971 Open Cut Mining Act and is currently surrounded by topography typical of open cut mining activities. A dike approximately 190 feet in length was constructed along a topographic depression to impound precipitation runoff from a 167-acre ephemeral drainage. Soil borings at the site revealed highly erodible clay soils underlain by shale, suitable for impounding and storing surface water. The property is managed for perpetuity in a conservation easement between DNRC and MDT. A fenced enclosure surrounds the 15-acre site, which includes the proposed 5-acre wetland and a 10-acre buffer zone of upland vegetation. The mitigation monitoring limits, per MDT guidance and for purposes of this report, encompass only the 6.44-acre monitoring boundary as depicted on Figure 2. However, the entire 15-acre site is included for purposes of calculating mitigation credits (Table 6). A mitigation ratio of 1:1 for the created wetland and open water habitat and a ratio of 5:1 for the preservation and maintenance of the upland buffer have been used for calculating credit acres for the American Colloid mitigation site.

The MDT designed and constructed the American Colloid wetland restoration project. The site was constructed in October 2001 to mitigate for 4.4 acres of wetland impacts associated within the Alzada-West and Alzada-South projects in Watershed 16. The initial mitigation monitoring event was conducted in 2002. Monitoring ceased in 2007 following the dike failure, and resumed in 2011 following the dike repair in 2010.

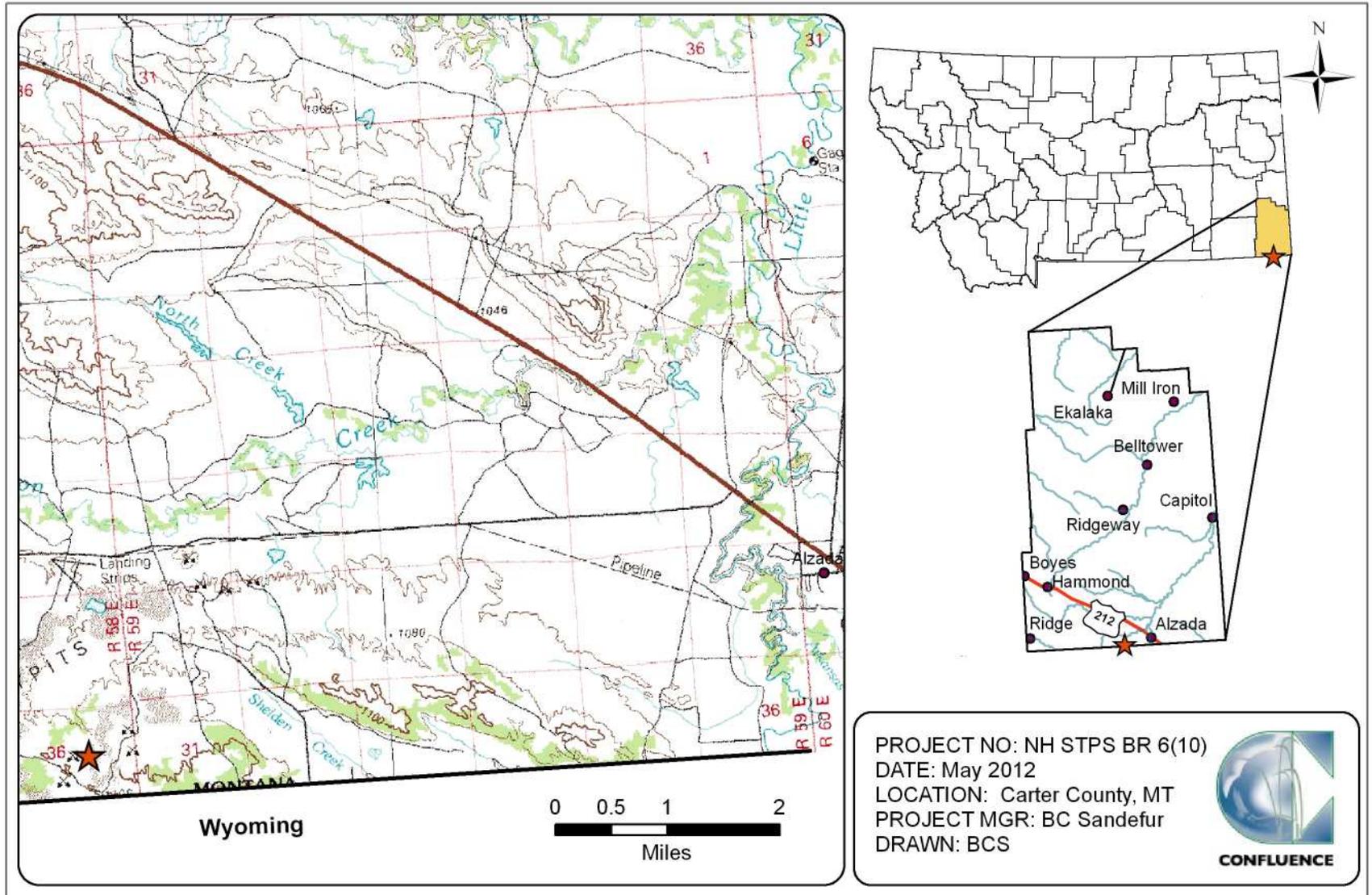


Figure 1. Project location of American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.

No specific goals or success criteria were defined for this project, which was constructed prior to release of the 2008 USACE mitigation rule, which requires such components. Wetland success will be based on the following performance standards:

1. **Wetland Characteristics:** All restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the *1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the *2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Manual: Great Plains Region (Version 2.0)* (USACE 2010).
  - a) **Wetland Hydrology Success** will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement.
    - (i) Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.
    - (ii) Depressional wetlands excavated into the upland areas will be monitored to determine if groundwater hydrology is filling sites and establishing vegetation communities.
    - (iii) Hydrologic success will also require that the constructed stream channel be stable in the wetlands.
  - b) **Hydric Soil Success** will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil sampling will be conducted during the course of the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils per the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. Since typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.
  - c) **Hydrophytic Vegetation Success** will be achieved through the delineation of developing wetlands utilizing the technical guidelines established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. The following concept of “dominance”, as defined in the 1987 Manual, will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in created/restored wetlands: *“Subjectively determine the dominant species by estimating those having the largest relative basal area (woody overstory), greatest height (woody understory), greatest percentage of aerial cover (herbaceous understory), and/or greatest number of stems (woody vines).”*

2. **Upland Buffer Success** will be achieved when the noxious weeds do not exceed 10 percent of cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer zone disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
3. **Weed Control** will be based upon annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and degree of infestation within the site, and control measures based upon the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of State Listed Noxious weed species within the site. MDT will manage the wetland conservation easement area to meet a goal of having less than 10 percent absolute cover of state listed noxious weed species across the site.
4. **Fencing** of the proposed mitigation site has been installed along the boundaries to protect the integrity of the wetland and upland buffer from disturbance that may be detrimental to the site. Fencing installed along the perimeter of the site has been designed to be “wildlife friendly” to allow for wildlife movement into and out of the wetland complex.
5. **Monitoring** of this MDT mitigation site will be based upon the MDT standard monitoring protocols utilized for all MDT wetland mitigation sites for a minimum period of five years or longer as determined by the US Army Corps, Montana Regulatory Office’s review of annual monitoring reports for the site and whether or not the site has met the wetland success criteria.

## 2. METHODS

The 2012 monitoring event was completed on August 16, 2012. Information for the Mitigation Monitoring Form and Wetland Determination Data Forms was entered electronically in the field on a palmtop computer during the field investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity sites were located with a global positioning system (GPS) and illustrated in Figure 2 (Appendix A). Information collected included a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, vegetation transect monitoring, soil and hydrology data collection, bird and wildlife use documentation, photographic documentation, and a non-engineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area.

### 2.1. Hydrology

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data Form was documented at two data points established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed *in situ* during the site visit. The data were recorded on electronic field data sheets (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow evaluation of mitigation performance standards addressing inundation/saturation requirements.

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as “permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (12.5 percent of the growing season)

during the growing season” (USACE 2010). Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered jurisdictional wetlands. The growing season is defined in the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) as the number of days where there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28 degrees Fahrenheit. The growing season recorded for the predominant soil map unit, Neldore-rock outcrop complex (58D), averages 120 days (USDA 2011). Areas defined as wetlands would require 15 days of continuous inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria.

Soil pits excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 18 inches of the ground surface. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B). No monitoring wells were installed at the site.

## **2.2. Vegetation**

The boundaries of dominant-species based vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2012 aerial photograph. Community types were named based on the predominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure 3, Appendix A). Percent cover of dominant species within a community type was estimated and recorded using the following values: 0 (less than 1 percent), 1 (1 to 5 percent), 2 (6 to 10 percent), 3 (11 to 20 percent), 4 (21 to 50 percent), and 5 (greater than 50 percent) (Appendix B). No woody species were planted at the American Colloid Mitigation Site.

Temporal changes in vegetation are evaluated through annual assessments of a single static belt transect, which was originally established in July 2002 and reestablished in 2011. Vegetation composition was assessed and recorded along a 10-foot wide and 300-foot long belt transect (T-1) (Figure 2, Appendix A). The transect location was recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit. Spatial changes in the dominant vegetation communities were recorded along the stationed transect. The percent aerial cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated using the same values and cover ranges used for the polygon data on the 2012 aerial photograph (Figure 3, Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the transect endpoints during the monitoring event (Appendix C).

The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field and mapped on the aerial photo (Figure 3, Appendix A). The names of the noxious weed species are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol “x”, “▲”, or “■” representing 0 to 0.1 acre, 0.1 to 1 acre, or greater than 1 acre in extent, respectively. Cover classes are represented by T, L, M, or H, for less than 1 percent, 1 to 5 percent, 2 to 25 percent, and 25 to 100 percent, respectively.

### **2.3. Soil**

Soil information was obtained from the *Soil Survey for Carter County Area* (USDA 2011) and *in situ* soil descriptions. Soil cores were excavated using a hand auger and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric soil indicators when present, was recorded on the electronic Wetland Determination Data Form for each profile (Appendix B).

### **2.4. Wetland Delineation**

Waters of the U.S. including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands were delineated throughout the project area in accordance with criteria established in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. The technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology described in the 2010 Regional Supplement must be satisfied to delineate a representative area as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species was derived from the Draft 2012 National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) (Lichvar and Kartesz. 2009). Previous years' reports used the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northwest Region 4 (Reed 1988). The 2012 NWPL scientific plant names were used in this report. Many common names used in the 2012 NWPL appear incomplete or erroneous. When used in this report, 2012 NWPL common names that appear to be incomplete or erroneous are provided with parenthetical clarification. For example, the common name for the plant *Agrostis exarata* in the 2012 NWPL is "spiked bent". As this is likely an error, this species' common name would be reported here as "spiked bent (grass)". A Routine Level-2 on-site Determination Method (Environmental Laboratory 1987) was used to delineate jurisdictional areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded electronically on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology, and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area for vegetation, soil or hydrology, or special aquatic site, i.e., mudflat. The wetland boundary was delineated on the 2012 aerial imagery and digitized into Geographic Information System (GIS) format. Wetland areas reported were estimated using GIS methodology.

### **2.5. Wildlife**

Observations and other positive indicators of use of mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the Mitigation Monitoring Form during the site visit. Indirect use indicators, including tracks, scat, burrow, eggshells, skins, and

bones, were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive wildlife species list of animals observed in 2011 and 2012 was compiled for this report.

## **2.6. Functional Assessment**

The 2008 MDT MWAM was used to evaluate functions and values on the site in 2011 and 2012. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values (Berglund and McEldowney 2008). Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. One Wetland Assessment form was completed for the project area (Appendix B).

## **2.7. Photo Documentation**

Monitoring at photo points provided supplemental information documenting wetland, upland, and transect conditions; site trends; and current land uses surrounding the site. Photographs were taken at established photo points throughout the mitigation site during the site visit (Appendix C). Photo point locations were recorded with a resource grade GPS unit (Figure 2, Appendix A).

## **2.8. GPS Data**

Site features and survey points were collected with a resource grade Thales Pro Mark III GPS unit during the 2012 monitoring season. Points were collected using WAAS-enabled differential correction satellites, typically improving resolution to sub-meter accuracy. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and presented in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included fence boundaries, photograph points, transect endpoints, and wetland data points.

## **2.9. Maintenance Needs**

Engineered structures including the dike and outlet structure, fencing, and other features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. This was a cursory examination and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.

# **3. RESULTS**

## **3.1. Hydrology**

Climate data from the meteorological station at Albion 1 N, Montana (240088), recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 14.23 inches from 1945 to 2010 (WRCC 2012). The annual precipitation rate recorded in 2010 was 23.6 inches, 9.37 inches above the 65 year average. The WRCC precipitation data for the Albion 1 N station, located approximately 16 miles to the northeast of the site, was incomplete for most of 2011 and 2012. Monthly precipitation totals collected

at the Broadus meteorological station (241127), located approximately 50 miles to the northwest, were used to provide additional regional climate data. The mean annual precipitation total for the period of record at Broadus (92 years) is 13.92 inches. The annual precipitation recorded at the Broadus station 17.54 inches in 2010 and 18.12 inches in 2011, indicating above average precipitation for these two years. Between the yearly period of January through August, total recorded precipitation was 10.88 inches (long-term average), 15.35 inches (2010), 17.79 inches (2011), and 7.68 inches (2012). Precipitation levels in 2012 were well below the average.

The wetland basin was constructed in an ephemeral drainage within a 167-acre watershed. Wetland hydrology at the site is provided solely through direct precipitation and surface runoff. During the site inspection, the constructed dike was functioning as designed and impounding surface water. There were approximately 2.04 acres of surface water at depths ranging from 0.0 to 2.5 feet. The hydrologic indicators during the August investigation provided evidence that water levels had been at the maximum elevation during spring runoff and at the beginning of the growing season. Water-stained leaves, drift deposits, algal crust, inundation visible on aerial imagery, and surface soil cracks were observed along the water's edge. Rills and other drainage patterns were observed throughout the uplands surrounding the inundated basin. Surface water from the wetland depression discharges to the ephemeral drainage through a series of down gradient wetlands into an unnamed tributary of Thompson Creek, and eventually into the Little Missouri River approximately 15 miles downstream of the mitigation site. Precipitation and evaporation rates are the dominant factors influencing seasonal water elevations within the wetland, based on the low hydraulic conductivity of the soil forming the unconsolidated bottom of the basin.

No groundwater monitoring wells were installed within this site. Hydrological data were collected at two data points, AC-1 and AC-2. Data point AC-1 located on the water margin exhibited saturation at six inches below the ground surface (bgs), an algal mat, inundation visible on aerial imagery, a dry-season water table, and surface soil cracks. Data point AC-2 located upslope of AC-1 documented an algal mat and surface soil cracks. Both data points exhibited positive signs of wetland hydrology.

### **3.2. Vegetation**

Thirty-two plant species were identified onsite in 2011 and 2012 (Table 1). Vegetation community types were mapped based on the dominant species within a community and the results of the wetland delineation data. The 2012 vegetation communities were the same as in 2011, Type 1 – *Ericameria nauseosa/Atriplex argentea* Upland; Type 2 – *Schizachyrium scoparium/Grindelia squarrosa* Upland.; and Type 3 – *Spartina pectinata* Wetland. The impounded depression encompassed 2.04 acres of open water in 2012 defined by polygon 4, a decrease of approximately 1.0 acre from the 2011 observations (Figure 3, Appendix A and Monitoring Form, Appendix B). The

dominant species for each community are presented in descending order of abundance.

**Table 1. Vegetation species observed in 2011 and 2012 at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Scientific Name	Common Name	GP Indicator Status <sup>1</sup>
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common Yarrow	FACU
<b><i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i></b>	<b>Red-Root</b>	<b>FACU</b>
<i>Artemisia tridentata</i>	Big Sagebrush	UPL
<b><i>Aster sp.</i></b>	<b>Aster</b>	<b>NL</b>
<i>Atriplex argentea</i>	Silverscale	FAC
<i>Avena fatua</i>	Wild Oat	UPL
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	American Slough Grass	OBL
<i>Bromus arvensis</i>	Japanese Brome	FACU
<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	Cheatgrass	UPL
<i>Calamovilfa longifolia</i>	Prairie Sandreed	UPL
<i>Chenopodium sp.</i>	Goosefoot	NL
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Canadian Thistle	FACU
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	Large Barnyard Grass	FAC
<i>Elymus elymoides</i>	Western Bottle-Brush Grass	FACU
<i>Elymus repens</i>	Creeping Wild Rye	FACU
<i>Ericameria nauseosa</i>	Rubber Rabbitbrush	NL
<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>	Curly-Cup Gumweed	FACU
<i>Gutierrezia sarothrae</i>	Broom Snakeweed	UPL
<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>	Fox-Tail Barley	FACW
<i>Juncus tenuis</i>	Lesser Poverty Rush	FAC
<b><i>Opuntia polyacantha</i></b>	<b>Plains Pricklypear</b>	<b>UPL</b>
<i>Panicum capillare</i>	Common Panic Grass	FAC
<i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>	Western-Wheat Grass	FACU
<i>Poa sp.</i>	Blue Grass	NL
<i>Puccinellia nuttalliana</i>	Nuttall's Alkali Grass	OBL
<i>Sarcobatus vermiculatus</i>	Greasewood	FAC
<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>	Little False Bluestem	FACU
<i>Schoenoplectus maritimus</i>	Saltmarsh Club-Rush	OBL
<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	Freshwater Cord Grass	FACW
<b><i>Spergula arvensis</i></b>	<b>Corn Spurry</b>	<b>UPL</b>
<i>Typha latifolia</i>	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	Rough Cocklebur	FAC

<sup>1</sup> Draft 2012 NWPL (Lichvar and Kartesz 2009).

New species identified in 2012 are bolded.

Upland Community Type 1 – *Ericameria nauseosa*/*Atriplex argentea* developed on approximately 1.73 acres within the site perimeter. Rubber rabbitbrush (*Ericameria nauseosa* - *Chrysothamnus nauseosus* on 1988 list), silverscale (*Atriplex argentea*), fox-tail barley (*Hordeum jubatum*), curly-cup gumweed (*Grindelia squarrosa*), and plains pricklypear (*Opuntia polyacantha*) dominated the vegetation cover. More than 50 percent of the area was bare ground.

Upland Community Type 2 – *Schizachyrium scoparium/Grindelia squarrosa* characterized the 1.44 acre community that abuts the wetland fringe surrounding the open water. The vegetation was dominated by little false bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*), curly-cup gumweed, prairie sandreed (*Calamovilfa longifolia*) and eleven other species. Within this community, a cover class of 2 (11-20%) was assigned for bare ground.

Wetland Community Type 3 – *Spartina pectinata* (freshwater cord grass) dominated the 1.23 acre wetland community that characterized the wetland fringe adjacent to the open water. Silver-scale saltbush, saltmarsh club-rush (*Schoenoplectus maritimus*, called *Scirpus maritimus* on 1988 list), broad-leaf cattail, goosefoot species (*Chenopodium* sp.), and broom snakeweed (*Gutierrezia sarothrae*) were also identified within the community. The total cover class for bare ground ranged from 21 to 50 percent.

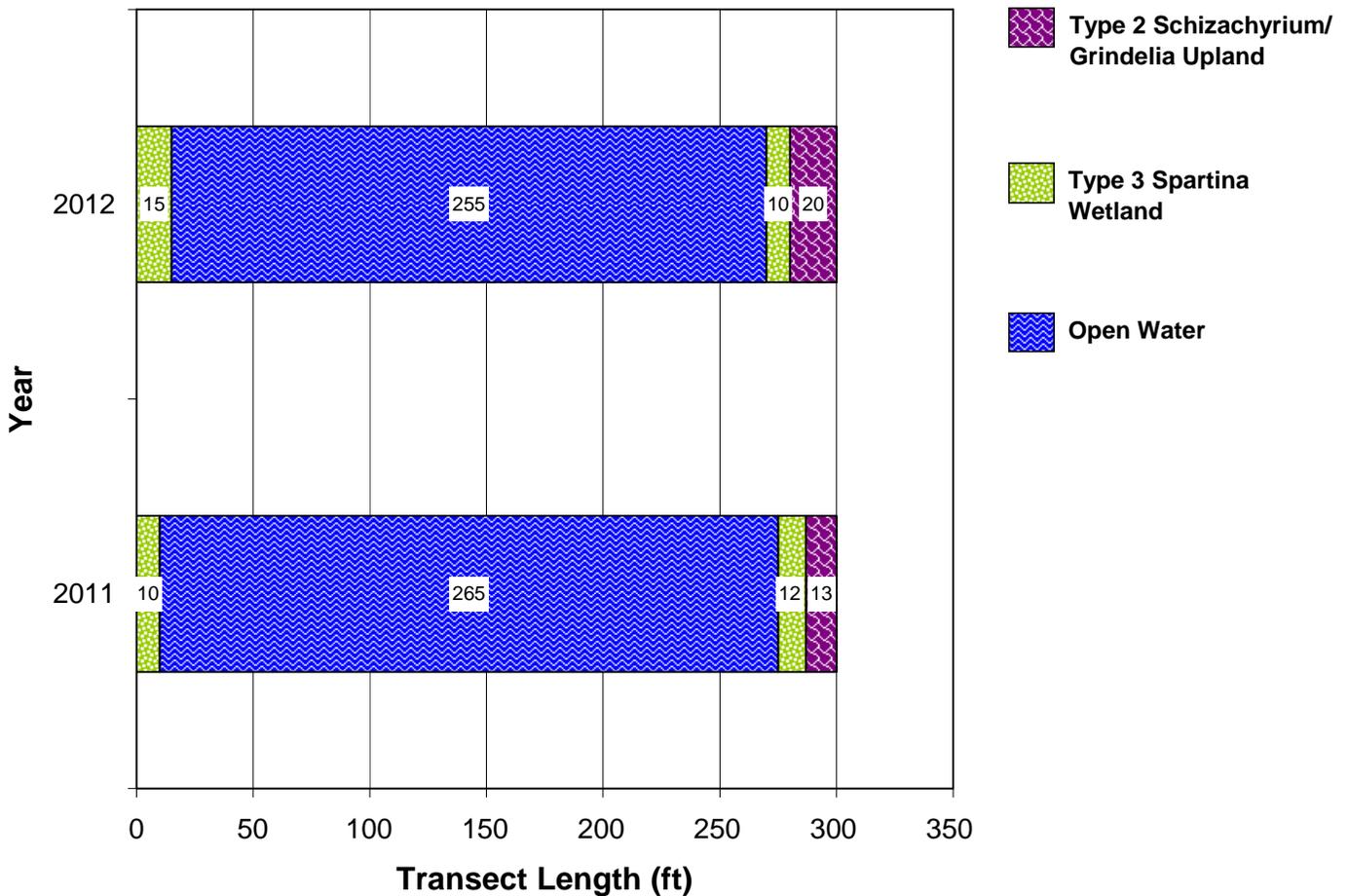
Approximately 2.04 acres of open water (Polygon 4) covered a majority of the area within the constructed wetland cell. The open water contained less than five percent cover of saltmarsh club-rush, freshwater cord grass, and corn spurry (*Spergula arvensis*). The wetland cell has been flooded only since the dike repair in 2010. Productivity levels in the open water are likely limited by the short time frame for growth and by the presence of suspended clay particles. The level of turbidity restricts photosynthesis through the water column.

Data collected on Transect 1 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphic formats (Table 2, Charts 1 and 2, respectively). The start and finish of Transect 1 were photographed as shown on Page C-4 of Appendix C. The transect intersected Type 3 – *Spartina pectinata* Wetland, Type 2 – *Schizachyrium scoparium/Grindelia squarrosa* Upland, and open water (Polygon 4). Hydrophytic vegetation covered 8.3 percent of the transect and open water intersected 85.0 percent of the transect. This represented a 1.0 percent increase in the length of the wetland community on the transect and a 3.3 percent decrease in the interval length of open water from the 2011 results.

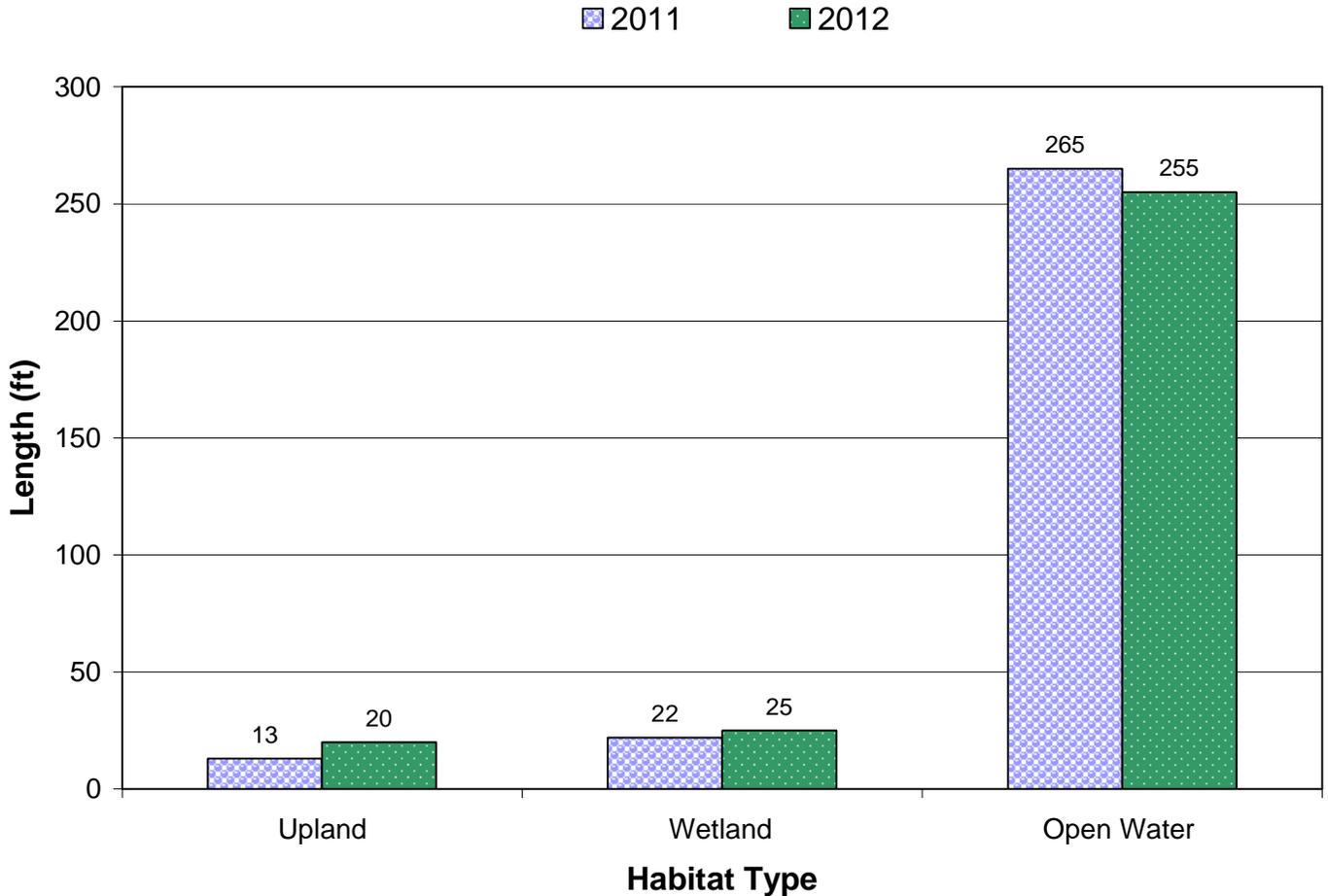
Less than 0.1 acre of Canadian thistle, a Priority 2B weed, was noted near the northwest mitigation boundary. The cover was less than 1 percent. The MDT has an ongoing weed control program that annually manages State noxious weed infestations on each mitigation site.

**Table 2. Data summary for Transect 1 in 2011 and 2012 at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Monitoring Year	2011	2012
Transect Length (feet)	300	300
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	3	3
Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	1	1
Total Vegetative Species	7	12
Total Hydrophytic Species	4	5
Total Upland Species	3	7
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	12	15
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	7.3	8.3
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	4.3	6.7
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	88.3	85.0
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0.0	0.0



**Chart 1. Transect map showing community types on Transect 1 in 2011 and 2012 from start (0 feet) to finish (300 feet) at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.**



**Chart 2. Length of habitat types within Transect 1 in 2011 and 2012 at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.**

**3.3. Soil**

The project site was mapped in the *Carter County Soil Survey* (USDA 2011) within the Neldor-Rock outcrop complex at 4 to 15 percent slopes on hill slopes. The parent material of this complex is clay residuum over semi-consolidated shale. These are well drained, low-permeable, non hydric soils with clay loam inclusions.

Soil pit AC-1 was located in wetland community 3. The soil profile revealed a gray (10 YR 5/1) clay with five percent dark yellowish brown redoximorphic concentrations (10 YR 4/6) in the matrix. The depleted matrix provided a positive indication of a hydric soil. The soil profile at AC-2, located upslope of AC-1 in wetland community 3, was a dark gray (10 YR 4/1) clay with dark yellowish brown (10 YR 4/6) redox features in the matrix. The depleted matrix was a positive indicator of hydric soil.

### 3.4. Wetland Delineation

Two data points, AC-1 and AC-2, were evaluated to confirm the wetland determination. A total of 3.27 acres of wetland and aquatic habitat was delineated in 2011 and 2012 (Table 3). Inundation levels were lower in 2012 resulting in less open water acreage and more wetland acreage.

**Table 3. Total wetland acres delineated in 2011 and 2012 at the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site.**

WETLAND AND AQUATIC HABITAT ACREAGES	2011	2012
Wetlands	0.26	1.23
Open Water	3.01	2.04
<b>Total</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>3.27</b>

### 3.5. Wildlife

A comprehensive list of bird and other wildlife species observed directly or indirectly in 2011 and 2012 is presented in Table 4 (Appendix B). Two bird species were observed in 2012, a grasshopper sparrow (*Ammodramus savannarum*) and killdeer (*Charadrius vociferus*). A northern leopard frog (*Rana pipiens*) and three pronghorn antelope (*Antilocapra americana*) were noted onsite in 2012. Deer tracks and scat were also observed.

**Table 4. Wildlife species observed within the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site in 2011 and 2012.**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
<b>AMPHIBIANS</b>	
Northern Leopard Frog	<i>Rana pipiens</i>
<b>BIRDS</b>	
Canada Goose	<i>Branta canadensis</i>
Grasshopper Sparrow	<b><i>Ammodramus savannarum</i></b>
Killdeer	<b><i>Charadrius vociferus</i></b>
Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>
<b>MAMMALS</b>	
Mule Deer	<b><i>Odocoileus hemionus</i></b>
Muskrat	<i>Ondatra zibethicus</i>
Pronghorn	<b><i>Antilocapra americana</i></b>
<b>REPTILES</b>	
Turtle sp	

Species identified in 2012 are bolded.

### 3.6. Functional Assessment

The 2011 monitoring data provided a baseline for subsequent functional assessments. The 2011 and 2012 functional assessments used the 2008 MWAM to assess the 3.27-acre assessment area (AA) that included the open water depression and adjacent wetland fringe (Appendix B). Table 5

summarizes the function and value ratings of the AA. The AA was rated as a Category III wetland with 43 percent of the total points possible. This represented a 4 percent functional improvement from 2011 to 2012. The increase was the result of an increase in size of vegetation component within AA and a change in the disturbance rating from moderate to low, which affected the general wildlife habitat and uniqueness scores.

**Table 5. Function assessment results for the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site in 2011 and 2012.**

Function and Value Parameters from the 2008 Montana Wetland Assessment Method	2011	2012
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)
MTNHP Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.6)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	NA	NA
Flood Attenuation	NA	NA
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Mod (0.7)	High (0.8)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Low (0.4)
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	NA	NA
<b>Actual Points/Possible Points</b>	<b>3.5 / 9</b>	<b>3.9 / 9</b>
<b>% of Possible Score Achieved</b>	<b>39%</b>	<b>43%</b>
<b>Overall Category</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>III</b>
<b>Total Acreage of Assessed Wetlands within Site Boundaries</b>	<b>3.27</b>	<b>3.27</b>
<b>Functional Units</b> (acreage x actual points)	<b>11.45</b>	<b>12.75</b>

There were no disturbances to the site in 2012 and there was one vegetation class, emergent. Wildlife use was minimal during the site visit. The ratings were high for short and long term surface water storage and moderate for general wildlife habitat, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, and production export/food chain support. The assessment resulted in 12.75 functional units for the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site in 2012. The percent cover of wetland species is expected to increase in subsequent growing seasons based on the presence of wetland hydrology with an associated increase of functional units.

**3.7. Photo Documentation**

Photographs taken from five photo points, PP1 to PP5, are shown on pages C-1 to C-4 of Appendix C. Photos of the transect end points are presented on page C-5 and the delineation data points are shown on page C-6 (Appendix C).

**3.8. Maintenance Needs**

There were no nesting structures installed at the site. The outlet control structure was repaired in 2010 and was in good working condition when inspected in



August 2012. A wildlife friendly fence that surrounds the 15 acre site was in good condition and did not require maintenance. Less than a 0.1 acre patch of Canadian thistle, a Priority 2B weed, was noted near the northwest mitigation boundary. The cover was less than 1.0 percent. The MDT administers an ongoing weed control program that annually assesses the location and size of State noxious weed infestations on each mitigation site.

**3.9. Current Credit Summary**

The calculation of credit acres shown in Table 6 assumed a mitigation ratio of 1:1 (impact to credit) for the created wetland and open water habitat within the wetland depression and a 5:1 credit ratio for preservation and maintenance of the upland buffer. The credit acres for 2011 and 2012 totaled 5.62 (Table 6). The total wetland and aquatic habitat acreage was 3.27 acres. The full acreage (11.73 acres) of the fenced upland buffer was used to calculate the upland preservation credit acreage.

**Table 6. Credit summary for the American Colloid Wetland Mitigation Site in 2011 and 2012.**

COMPENSATORY MITIGATION TYPE	USACE MITIGATION RATIO	USACE PROPOSED ACRES	2011 DELINEATED ACRES	2011 CREDIT ACRES	2012 DELINEATED ACRES	2012 CREDIT ACRES
Creation: Establishment (wetland)	1:1	5	0.26	0.26	1.23	1.23
Creation: Establishment (open water)	1:1		3.01	3.01	2.04	2.04
Upland Buffer (Preservation and Maintenance)	5:1	10	11.73*	2.35	11.73*	2.35
<b>Total</b>			3.27	5.62	3.27	5.62

\*Value includes all uplands within fenced 15-acre site

The areas identified as credit acres met the criteria for jurisdictional wetlands/waters. The percent cover of aquatic macrophytes is expected to increase in the open water areas in the long term eventually creating aquatic bed habitat. The wetland depression was inundated for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season. The vegetation cover of the wetland and upland within the mitigation boundary is less than 50 percent, three years after the dam was repaired. The noxious weed cover site wide is no greater than 10 percent. The mitigation site was fenced to protect the wetland and upland buffer.



#### 4. REFERENCES

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## **Appendix A**

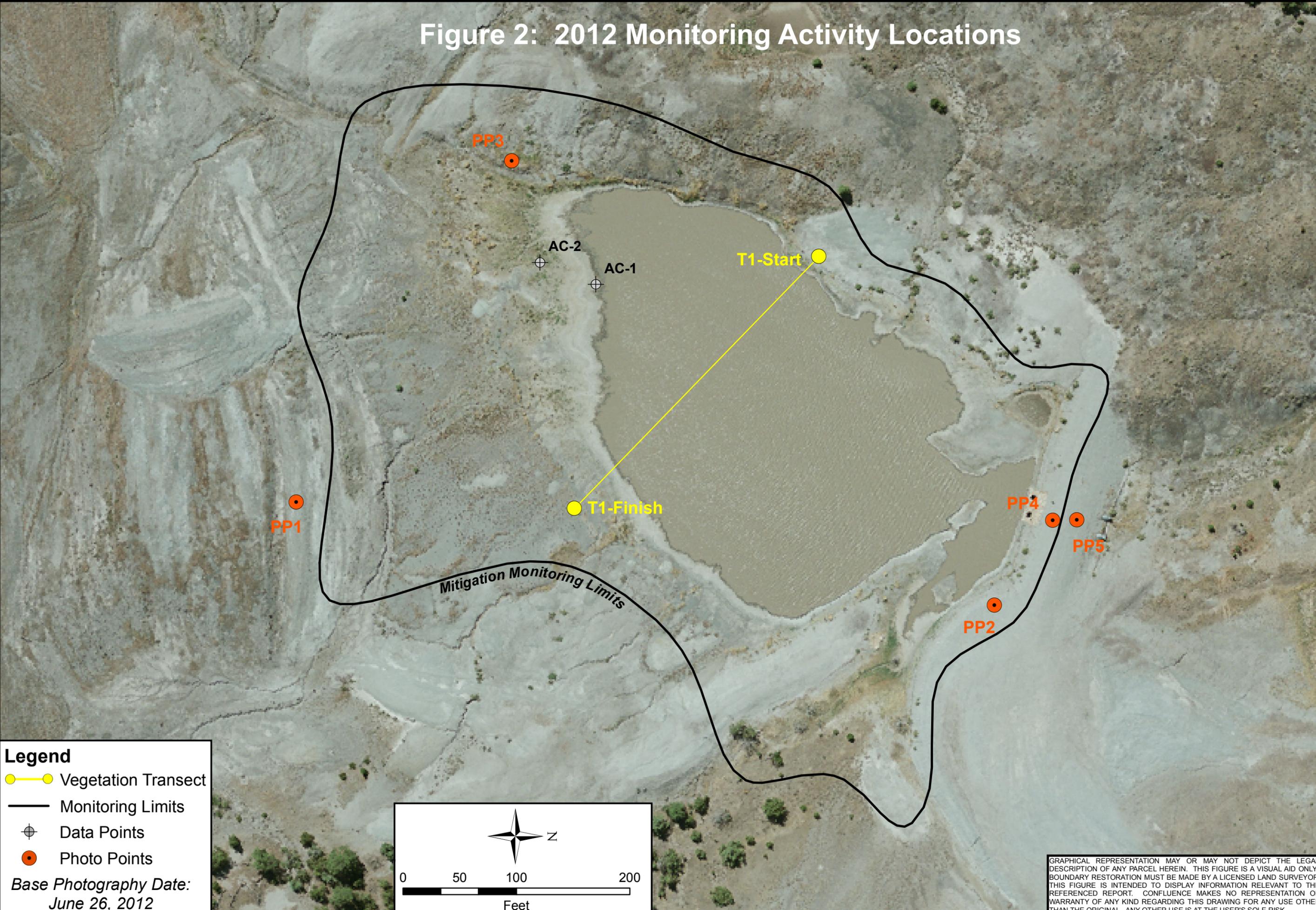
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Project Area Maps – Figures 2 and 3

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
American Colloid  
Carter County, Montana

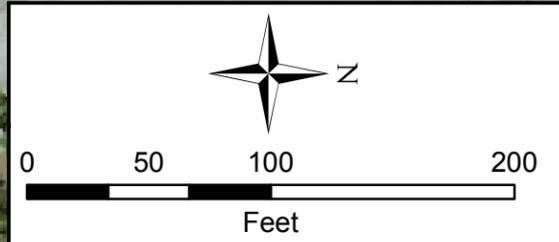
# Figure 2: 2012 Monitoring Activity Locations



**Legend**

- Vegetation Transect
- Monitoring Limits
- Data Points
- Photo Points

*Base Photography Date:  
June 26, 2012*



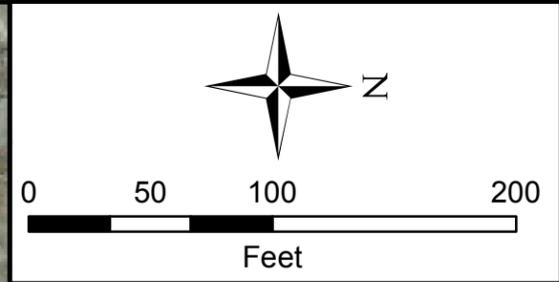
GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION MAY OR MAY NOT DEPICT THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF ANY PARCEL HEREIN. THIS FIGURE IS A VISUAL AID ONLY; BOUNDARY RESTORATION MUST BE MADE BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR. THIS FIGURE IS INTENDED TO DISPLAY INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE REFERENCED REPORT. CONFLUENCE MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND REGARDING THIS DRAWING FOR ANY USE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL. ANY OTHER USE IS AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK.

	<small>Project Name</small> <b>American Colloid Mitigation Site</b>	<small>Project Name</small> LOCATION: Carter Co., MT	<small>Project Name</small> PROJECT NO: STPX 6(15)	<small>Project Name</small> FILE: AmericanColloid/Monitor2012.mxd
	<small>Drawing Title</small> <b>2012 Monitoring Activity Locations</b>			
<small>DRAWN</small> BCS	<small>CHECKED</small> BV	<small>APPROVED</small> JU		
SCALE: Noted				
Drawn: August 29, 2012				
PROJ MGR: B Sandefur				
<b>Figure 2</b>				
REV -				

**Vegetation Community Types**

- ① *Ericameria nauseosa* / *Atriplex argentea*
- ② *Schizachyrium scoparium* / *Grindelia squarrosa*
- ③ *Spartina pectinata*

**Figure 3: 2012 Mapped Site Features**



**Legend**

- Monitoring Limits ———
- Wetland Limits ———
- Open Water ④ ———
- Vegetation Communities ———

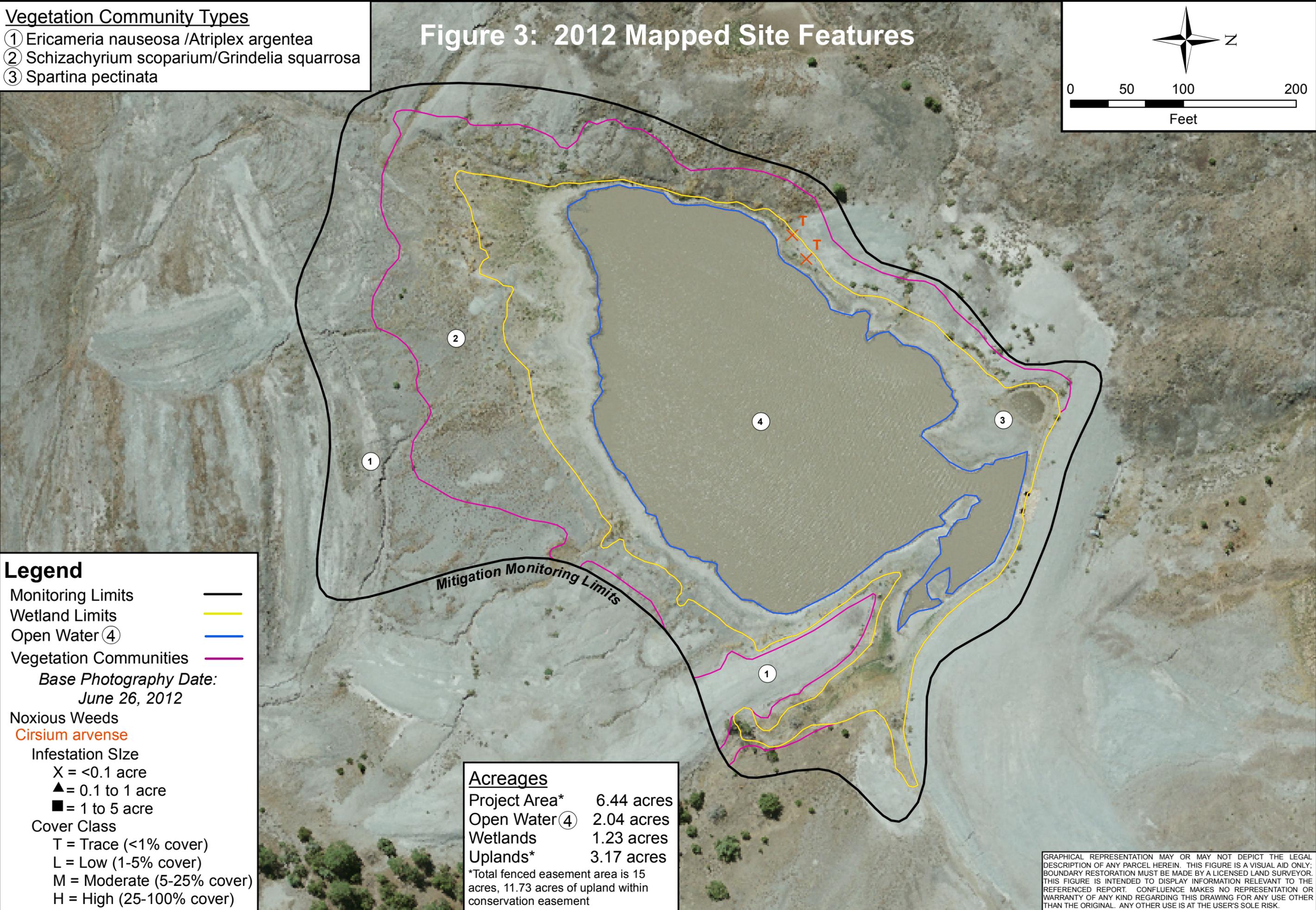
Base Photography Date:  
June 26, 2012

- Noxious Weeds**  
*Cirsium arvense*
- Infestation Size**  
 X = <0.1 acre  
 ▲ = 0.1 to 1 acre  
 ■ = 1 to 5 acre
- Cover Class**  
 T = Trace (<1% cover)  
 L = Low (1-5% cover)  
 M = Moderate (5-25% cover)  
 H = High (25-100% cover)

**Acreages**

Project Area*	6.44 acres
Open Water ④	2.04 acres
Wetlands	1.23 acres
Uplands*	3.17 acres

\*Total fenced easement area is 15 acres, 11.73 acres of upland within conservation easement



LOCATION: Carbohn Co., MT  
 PROJ NO: STPX 6(15)  
 FILE: AmericanColloid/Veg2012.mxd

**American Colloid Mitigation Site**  
 2012 Mapped Site Features

DRAWN: BCS  
 CHECKED: BV  
 APPROVED: JU  
 SCALE: Noted  
 Drawn: August 29, 2012  
 PROJ MGR: B Sandefur



**Figure 3**  
 REV -

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION MAY OR MAY NOT DEPICT THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF ANY PARCEL HEREIN. THIS FIGURE IS A VISUAL AID ONLY; BOUNDARY RESTORATION MUST BE MADE BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR. THIS FIGURE IS INTENDED TO DISPLAY INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE REFERENCED REPORT. CONFLUENCE MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND REGARDING THIS DRAWING FOR ANY USE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL. ANY OTHER USE IS AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK.

## **Appendix B**

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2012 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form  
2012 USACE Wetland Determination Data Form  
2012 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
American Colloid  
Carter County, Montana

**MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM**

Project Site: American Colloid Assessment Date/Time 8/16/2012 12:00:00 PM

Person(s) conducting the assessment: Erik Nyquist

Weather: Sunny, clear, 75 degrees Location: Alzada, MT

MDT District: Billings Milepost: NA

Legal Description: T 9S R 58E Section(s) 36

Initial Evaluation Date: 8/9/2011 Monitoring Year: 2 #Visits in Year: 1

Size of Evaluation Area: 6.44 (acres)

Land use surrounding wetland:

Bentonite mine, open range

**HYDROLOGY**

Surface Water Source: Precipitation, runoff

Inundation:  Average Depth: 1 (ft) Range of Depths: 0-2.5 (ft)

Percent of assessment area under inundation: 30 %

Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: 0.5 (ft)

If assessment area is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: Yes

Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc.):

Soil cracks surrounding surface water in seasonally inundated areas. Other hydrology indicators include water-stained vegetation, drift deposits, inundation visible on aerial imagery, and algal crust.

**Groundwater Monitoring Wells**

Record depth of water surface below ground surface, in feet.

**Well ID**                      **Water Surface Depth (ft)**

No Wells

**Additional Activities Checklist:**

- Map emergent vegetation-open water boundary on aerial photograph.
- Observe extent of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface water elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, etc.)
- Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring well locations, if present.

**Hydrology Notes:**

Approximately 2 acres of surface water present within the impounded basin.

## VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Site American Colloid

(Cover Class Codes 0 = < 1%, 1 = 1-5%, 2 = 6-10%, 3 = 11-20%, 4 = 21-50% , 5 = >50% )

\* Indicates accepted spp name not on '88 list.

**Community #** 1 **Community Type:** Chrysothamnus nauseosus / Atriplex argentea **Acres:** 1.73

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Aster sp.	0	Atriplex argentea	3
Avena fatua	0	Bare Ground	5
Chrysothamnus nauseosus	3	Elymus repens	0
Grindelia squarrosa	2	Hordeum jubatum	2
Opuntia polyacantha	1	Pascopyrum smithii	0
Sarcobatus vermiculatus	0		

**Comments:**

**Community #** 2 **Community Type:** Schizachyrium scoparium / Grindelia squarrosa **Acres:** 1.44

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Artemisia tridentata	1	Atriplex argentea	1
Bare Ground	3	Bromus arvensis	1
Bromus tectorum	1	Calamovilfa longifolia	2
Echinochloa crus-galli	1	Elymus elymoides	1
Grindelia squarrosa	3	Juncus tenuis	0
Panicum capillare	0	Puccinellia nuttalliana	1
Schizachyrium scoparium	3	Spartina pectinata	1
Xanthium strumarium	1		

**Comments:**

**Community #** 3 **Community Type:** Spartina pectinata / **Acres:** 1.23

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Achillea millefolium	0	Amaranthus retroflexus	0
Atriplex argentea		Bare Ground	4
Beckmannia syzigachne	0	Chenopodium sp.	1
Cirsium arvense	0	Echinochloa crus-galli	0
Grindelia squarrosa	0	Gutierrezia sarothrae	1
Panicum capillare	0	Schoenoplectus maritimus	1
Spartina pectinata	2	Typha latifolia	1
Xanthium strumarium	0		

**Comments:**

**Community #** 4 **Community Type:** Open Water /

**Acres:** 2.04

---

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Open Water	5	Schoenoplectus maritimus	1
Spartina pectinata	1	Spergula arvensis	0

**Comments:**

***Total Vegetation Community Acreage*** **6.44**

*(Note: some area within the project bounds may be open water or other non-vegetative ground cover.)*

## VEGETATION TRANSECTS

Site: American Colloid Date: 8/16/2012 12:00:00 PM

Transect Number: 1 Compass Direction from Start: 130

**Interval Data:**

**Ending Station** 15 **Community Type:** *Spartina pectinata* /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	0	Bare Ground	5
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	0	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	0
<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>	0	<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	1
<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	0		

**Ending Station** 270 **Community Type:** Open Water /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Open Water	5	<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	0
<i>Spergula arvensis</i>	0		

**Ending Station** 280 **Community Type:** *Spartina pectinata* /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>	0	Bare Ground	5
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	0	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	0
<i>Panicum capillare</i>	0	<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	1
<i>Xanthium strumarium</i>	1		

**Ending Station** 300 **Community Type:** *Schizachyrium scoparium* / *Grindelia squarrosa*

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground	5	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	0
<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>	0	<i>Panicum capillare</i>	0
<i>Schizachyrium scoparium</i>	2	<i>Spartina pectinata</i>	1

Transect Notes:

## PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

American Colloid

### Comments

No woody vegetation planted at this site.

**WILDLIFE**

**Birds**

Were man-made nesting structures installed?   No  

If yes, type of structure: \_\_\_\_\_

How many? \_\_\_\_\_

Are the nesting structures being used?   No  

Do the nesting structures need repairs?   No  

Nesting Structure Comments:

<b>Species</b>	<b>#Observed</b>	<b>Behavior</b>	<b>Habitat</b>
Grasshopper Sparrow	2	F, FO, L	SS, UP, US
Killdeer	3	F, FO, N	MF, US

**Bird Comments**

**BEHAVIOR CODES**

**BP** = One of a breeding pair **BD** = Breeding display **F** = Foraging **FO** = Flyover **L** = Loafing **N** = Nesting

**HABITAT CODES**

**AB** = Aquatic bed **SS** = Scrub/Shrub **FO** = Forested **UP** = Upland buffer **I** = Island

**WM** = Wet meadow **MA** = Marsh **US** = Unconsolidated shore **MF** = Mud Flat **OW** = Open Water

## Mammals and Herptiles

<b>Species</b>	<b># Observed</b>	<b>Tracks</b>	<b>Scat</b>	<b>Burrows</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Mule Deer		Yes	Yes	No	
Northern Leopard Frog	1	No	No	No	
Pronghorn	3	Yes	Yes	No	

### **Wildlife Comments:**

Three pronghorn observed adjacent to monitoring area.

**PHOTOGRAPHS**

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

**Photograph Checklist:**

- One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
- At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland exists then take additional photographs.
- At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
- One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

<b>Photo #</b>	<b>Latitude</b>	<b>Longitude</b>	<b>Bearing</b>	<b>Description</b>
AC12	45.003983	-104.547737	230	T1 End
AC13-AC18	45.03288	-104.547836	130	PP1, Panoramic
AC1-AC3	45.003725	-104.548183	80	PP3, panoramic
AC20	45.004108	-104.548577	340	AC-1
AC21	45.003916	104.548466	20	AC-2
AC4	45.004608	-104.548515	130	T1 Start
AC5	45.005119	-104.5476	185	PP4
AC6	45.005119	-104.549026	10	PP5
AC7-AC11	45.00494	-104.547203	230	PP2, panoramic

**Comments:**

**ADDITIONAL ITEMS CHECKLIST**

**Hydrology**

- Map emergent vegetation/open water boundary on aerial photos.
- Observe extent of surface water. Look for evidence of past surface water elevations (e.g. drift lines, vegetation staining, erosion, etc).

**Photos**

- One photo from the wetland toward each of the four cardinal directions
- One photo showing upland use surrounding the wetland.
- One photo showing the buffer around the wetland
- One photo from each end of each vegetation transect, toward the transect

**Vegetation**

- Map vegetation community boundaries
- Complete Vegetation Transects

**Soils**

- Assess soils

**Wetland Delineations**

- Delineate wetlands according to applicable USACE protocol (1987 form or Supplement)
- Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.

Wetland Delineation Comments

Open water boundary is lower than 2011

**Functional Assessments**

- Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms.

Functional Assessment Comments:

**Maintenance**

Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site?    No

If yes, do they need to be repaired?

If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems

Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow  
into or out of the wetland?    Yes

If yes, are the structures in need of repair?    No

If yes, describe the problems below.

The outlet control structure is in good working condition.

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region**

Project/Site: American Colloid City/County: Carter Sampling Date: 8/16/2012  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: AC-1  
 Investigator(s): E. Nyquist Section, Township, Range: 36 9S 58E  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Shoreline Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR G Lat: 45.004108 Long: -104.548577 Datum: WGS 84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Neldore-Rock outcrop NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	

Remarks: Data point located along water margin

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-): _____ 2 (A)
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ 1 (A/B)
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ 0 = Total Cover				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ 0 x 1 = _____ 0 FACW species _____ 20 x 2 = _____ 40 FAC species _____ 30 x 3 = _____ 90 FACU species _____ 0 x 4 = _____ 0 UPL species _____ 0 x 5 = _____ 0 Column Totals: _____ 50 (A) _____ 130 (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____ 2.6
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ 0 = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain) <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Echinochloa crus-galli</u>	30	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
2. <u>Spartina pectinata</u>	20	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
_____ 50 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Remarks:
_____ 0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____ 50				

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: AC-1

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features					Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>			
0-4	10YR	3/1	100					Clay	
4-24	10YR	5/1	95	C	M	10YR	4/6	5 Clay	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR F)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR F, G, H)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G, H)
- 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR F)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- High Plains Depressions (F16) (MLRA 72 & 73 of LRR H)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
- High Plains Depressions (F16) (LRR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) (where not tilled)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) (where tilled)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ Depth (inches): 6

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region**

Project/Site: American Colloid City/County: Carter Sampling Date: 8/16/2012  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: AC-2  
 Investigator(s): E. Nyquist Section, Township, Range: 36 9S 58E  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Shoreline Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR G Lat: 45.003916 Long: -104.548466 Datum: WGS 84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Neldore-Rock outcrop NWI classification: \_\_\_\_\_

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_ (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	<b>Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____		
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____		

Remarks: Data point located upslope of AC-1

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excluding FAC-): _____ 2 (A)
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ 1 (A/B)
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
0 = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	FACW species _____ 5 x 2 = _____ 10
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	FAC species _____ 35 x 3 = _____ 105
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	FACU species _____ 2 x 4 = _____ 8
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	UPL species _____ 0 x 5 = _____ 0
0 = Total Cover				Column Totals: _____ 42 (A) _____ 123 (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = _____ 2.92857				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5 ft</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
1. <u>Xanthium strumarium</u>	20	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
2. <u>Panicum capillare</u>	15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
3. <u>Hordeum jubatum</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____
4. <u>Achillea millefolium</u>	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACU	
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
6. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
42 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	
0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____ 58				

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: AC-2

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features					Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>			
0-3	10YR	3/1	50					Silty Clay	
3-20	10YR	4/1	90	C	M	10YR	4/6	10 Clay	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5) (LRR F)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR F, G, H)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- 2.5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G, H)
- 5 cm Mucky Peat or Peat (S3) (LRR F)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- High Plains Depressions (F16) (MLRA 72 & 73 of LRR H)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
- High Plains Depressions (F16) (LRR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
- Reduced Vertic (F18)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) (where not tilled)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Thin Muck Surface (C7)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)

- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) (where tilled)
- Crayfish Burrows (C8)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes \_\_\_\_\_ No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No \_\_\_\_\_

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

# MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name  2. MDT project#  Control#

3. Evaluation Date  4. Evaluators  5. Wetland/Site# (s)

6. Wetland Location(s): T  R  Sec1  T  R  Sec2

Approx Stationing or Mileposts

Watershed  Watershed/County

7. Evaluating Agency

8. Wetland size acres  How assessed:

Purpose of Evaluation

Wetlands potentially affected by MDT project

Mitigation Wetlands: pre-construction

Mitigation Wetlands: post construction

Other

9. Assessment area (AA) size (acres)  How assessed:

**10. Classification of Wetland and Aquatic Habitats in AA**

HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% of AA
Depressional	Unconsolidated Bottom	Impounded	Permanent/Perennial	90
Depressional	Emergent Wetland	Impounded	Seasonal/Intermittant	10
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

11. Estimated Relative Abundance

**12. General Condition of AA**

i. Disturbance: (use matrix below to determine [circle] appropriate response – see instructions for Montana-listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species (ANVS) lists)

Conditions within AA	Predominant conditions adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA		
	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	<input type="text" value="low disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="low disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="moderate disturbance"/>
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	<input type="text" value="moderate"/>	<input type="text" value="moderate disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>

**Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)**

There has been no disturbance to the AA in 2012. The dam breach was repaired in 2011. AA is fenced to include a 10-acre upland buffer. Surrounding area is mined for bentonite although there is no active mining within 500 ft. of AA..

**ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:**

**iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat**

AA located on DNRC property under an MDT conservation easement. No active mining or roads within 500 ft of AA. A few isolated ponds and wetland areas near AA. Site is situated within the semiarid Pierre Shale Plains with surrounding habitat of undulating rolling plains and vegetation of shortgrass prairie grasses and some scattered stands of Ponderosa pine.

13. **Structural Diversity:** (based on number of "Cowardin" **vegetated** classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes?		Modified Rating
>=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes	H	NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	M	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	M	<NO	YES>	L
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises >=90% of total cover)	L	NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent vegetation class.

**SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT**

14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals:

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)     D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Secondary habitat (list Species)             D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Incidental habitat (list species)            D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

No usable habitat                                 S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
Functional Points and Rating	1H	.9H	.8H	.7M	.3L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use    USFWS T & E list.

14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in 14A above)

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)     D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Secondary habitat (list Species)             D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Incidental habitat (list species)             D    S    Greater Sage-Grouse (S2)

No usable habitat                                 S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
<b>S1 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	1H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.2L	.1L	0L
<b>S2 and S3 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	.9H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.2L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use    MTNHP SOC list for Carter County.

**14C. General Wildlife Habitat Rating:**

i. Evidence of overall wildlife use in the AA (check substantial, moderate, or low based on supporting evidence):

Low

**Substantial** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of abundant wildlife #s or high species diversity (during any period)
- abundant wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- presence of extremely limiting habitat features not available in the surrounding area
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Minimal** (based on any of the following [check]):

- few or no wildlife observations during peak use periods
- little to no wildlife sign
- sparse adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Moderate** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of scattered wildlife groups or individuals or relatively few species during peak periods
- common occurrence of wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- adequate adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

ii. **Wildlife** habitat features (Working from top to bottom, check appropriate AA attributes in matrix to arrive at rating. Structural diversity is from #13. For class cover to be considered evenly distributed, the most and least prevalent **vegetated** classes must be within 20% of each other in terms of their percent composition of the AA (see #10). Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/E = temporary/ephemeral; and A = absent [see instructions for further definitions of these terms])

Structural diversity (see #13)	High								Moderate								Low			
	Even				Uneven				Even				Uneven				Even			
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)																				
Duration of surface water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A
Low disturbance at AA (see #12)	E	E	E	H	E	E	H	H	E	H	H	M	E	H	M	M	E	H	M	M
Moderate disturbance at AA (see #12)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	M	H	H	M	M	H	M	M	L	H	M	L	L
High disturbance at AA (see #12)	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

iii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i and ii above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Evidence of wildlife use (i)	Wildlife habitat features rating (ii)							
	Exceptional		High		Moderate		Low	
<b>Substantial</b>	1E		.9H		.8H		.7M	
<b>Moderate</b>	.9H		.7M		.5M		.3L	
<b>Minimal</b>	.6M		.4M		.2L		.1L	

**Comments** Minimal wildlife observations during site visit. There are limited upland food sources.

**14D. General Fish Habitat Rating:** (Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier, etc.]. If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check  **NA** here and proceed to 14E.)

i. **Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA** (use matrix to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Duration of surface water in AA	Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent						Temporary / Ephemeral					
	Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor	
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
Thermal cover optimal / suboptimal	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
<b>FWP Tier I fish species</b>	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
<b>FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species</b>	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
<b>FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish</b>	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
<b>FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species</b>	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA:

ii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1)

a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see **Appendix E**) occur in fish habitat? Y  N  If yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: **Modified Rating**

b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc. - specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?  Y  N If yes, add 0.1 to the adjusted score in i or **ii** above:

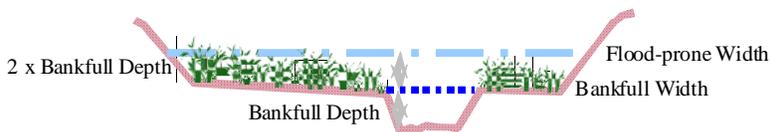
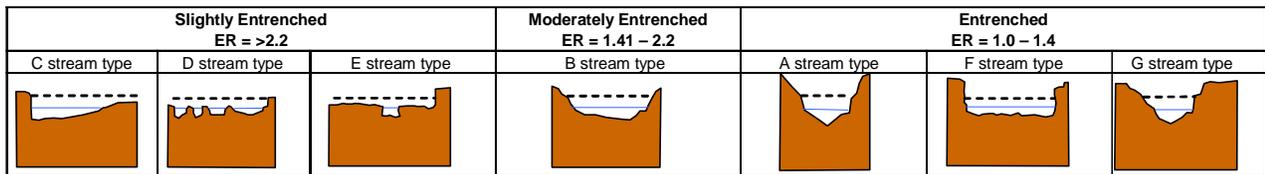
**Modified Rating**

iii. **Final Score and Rating:**  **Comments:**

**14E. Flood Attenuation:** (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, click  NA here and proceed to 14F.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)	Slightly entrenched - C, D, E stream types			Moderately entrenched - B stream type			Entrenched-A, F, G stream types		
	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains <b>no outlet or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L



Floodprone width  / Bankfull width  = Entrenchment ratio

ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)? Y  N

**Comments:**

**14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage:** (Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, click  NA here and proceed to 14G.)

i. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot		
	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** Hydrology source for AA from precip and upland surface runoff. Approx 3-acres of surface water present during the majority of the year with an average depth of 2-3 feet.

**14G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Retention and Removal:** (Applies to wetlands with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14H.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating [H = high, M = moderate, or L = low])

Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA	AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.				Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.			
% cover of wetland vegetation in AA	≥ 70%				< 70%			
Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	Yes		No		Yes		No	
AA contains <b>no or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.7M	.6M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** The depression contains a surface water outlet, water level below design elevation at time of visit. The vegetation cover is less than 70%.

**14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization:** (Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action. If 14H does not apply, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14I.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

% Cover of <b>wetland</b> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings of ≥6 (see Appendix F).	Duration of surface water adjacent to rooted vegetation					
	Permanent / Perennial		Seasonal / Intermittent		Temporary / Ephemeral	
≥ 65%	1H		.9H		.7M	
35-64%	.7M		.6M		.5M	
< 35%	.3L		.2L		.1L	

Three acres of open water subject to light wave action. The vegetation cover of species w/ high stability ratings is <35%.

**Comments:**

**14I. Production Export/Food Chain Support:**

i. **Level of Biological Activity** (synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat ratings [check])

General Fish Habitat Rating (14D.iii.)	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14C.iii.)		
	E/H	M	L
E/H	H	H	M
M	H	M	M
L	M	M	L
N/A	H	M	L

ii. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14I.i.); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E are as previously defined, and A = "absent" [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

A	Vegetated component >5 acres						Vegetated component 1-5 acres						Vegetated component <1 acre					
	High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low	
B	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
C	1E	.7H	.8H	.5M	.6M	.4M	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L
P/P																		
S/I	.9	.6M	.7H	.4	.5M	.3L	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.5M	.5M	.3L	.3L	.2L
T/E/A	.8	.5M	.6M	.3	.4M	.2L	.7H	.4M	.5M	.2L	.3L	.1L	.6M	.4M	.4M	.2L	.2L	.1L

iii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1.) **Vegetated Upland Buffer (VUB):** Area with ≥ 30% plant cover, ≤ 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, and that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control).

a) Is there an average ≥ 50 foot-wide vegetated upland buffer around ≥ 75% of the AA circumference? Y  N  If yes, add 0.1 to the score in ii above and adjust rating accordingly: **Modified Rating** .8H

**Comments:** The vegetation component of the AA is 1.23 acre. There is a surface water outlet.

**14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge:** (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below)

**i. Discharge Indicators**

- The AA is a slope wetland
- Springs or seeps are known or observed
- Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought
- Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope
- Seeps are present at the wetland edge
- AA permanently flooded during drought periods
- Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet
- Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface
- Other: No seeps or springs within AA identified

**ii. Recharge Indicators**

- Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer
- Wetland contains inlet but no outlet
- Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases
- Other: The AA contains an unconsolidated bottom composed of bentonite with minimal permeability.

**iii. Rating** (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Criteria	Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands <i>FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM</i>			
	P/P	S/I	T	None
Groundwater Discharge or Recharge	1H	.7M	.4M	.1L
Insufficient Data/Information	NA			

Comments:

**14K. Uniqueness:**

**i. Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Replacement potential	AA contains fen, bog, warm springs or mature (>80 yr-old) forested wetland or plant association listed as "S1" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural diversity (#13) is high or contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types or associations and structural diversity (#13) is low-moderate		
	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant
Low disturbance at AA (#12i)	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L
Moderate disturbance at AA (#12i)	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L
High disturbance at AA (#12i)	.8H	.7H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments:

**14L. Recreation/Education Potential:** (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity)

**i. Is the AA a known or potential rec.ed. site:** (check)  Y  N (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click  NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page)

**ii. Check categories that apply to the AA:**  Educational/scientific study;  Consumptive rec.;  Non-consumptive rec.;  Other

**iii. Rating** (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area	Known	Potential
Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)	.2H	.15H
Private ownership with general public access (no permission required)	.15H	.1M
Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access	.1M	.05L

Comments:

The mitigation site is surrounded by active mining.

**General Site Notes**

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	0	1	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	L	.1	1	0.327	<input type="checkbox"/>
C. General Wildlife Habitat	M	.6	1	1.962	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
E. Flood Attenuation	NA	0	0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	H	1	1	3.27	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	M	.6	1	1.962	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	L	.3	1	0.981	<input type="checkbox"/>
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	H	.8	1	2.616	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	L	.1	1	0.327	<input type="checkbox"/>
K. Uniqueness	M	.4	1	1.308	<input type="checkbox"/>
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	NA	0	NA	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
Totals:		3.9	9	12.753	
Percent of Possible Score			<b>43.33</b> %		

**Category I Wetland:** (must satisfy **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)

- Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation **and** answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category II Wetland:** (Criteria for Category I not satisfied **and** meets any **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)

- Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; **or**
- "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for **both** General Wildlife Habitat **and** General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category III Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)

**Category IV Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)

- "Low" rating for Uniqueness; **and**
- Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); **and**
- Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

**OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:**  
(check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined)

<b>I</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>IV</b>
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## **Appendix C**

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### Project Area Photographs

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
American Colloid  
Carter County, Montana



**Photo Point 1 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 130 Degrees

**Location:** Outside south boundary.  
**Taken in 2011**



**Photo Point 1 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 130 Degrees

**Location:** Outside south boundary.  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 2 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 230 Degrees

**Location:** Northeast edge of wetland cell.  
**Taken in 2011**



**Photo Point 2 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 230 Degrees

**Location:** Northeast edge of wetland cell.  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 3 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 80 Degrees

**Location:** Southwest edge of wetland cell.  
**Taken in 2011**



**Photo Point 3 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 80 Degrees

**Location:** Southwest edge of wetland cell.  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 4 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 185 Degrees

**Location:** North edge of cell.  
**Taken in 2011**



**Photo Point 4 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 185 Degrees

**Location:** North edge of cell.  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 5 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 10 Degrees

**Location:** Outside N border.  
**Taken in 2011**



**Photo Point 5 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 10 Degrees

**Location:** Outside N border.  
**Taken in 2012**



**Transect 1 – Start**  
**Bearing: 130 Degrees**

**Location: NW wet boundary**  
**Taken in 2011**



**Transect 1 – Start**  
**Bearing: 130 Degrees**

**Location: NW wet boundary**  
**Taken in 2012**



**Transect 1 – End**  
**Bearing: 230 Degrees**

**Location: SE wet boundary.**  
**Taken in 2011**



**Transect 1 – End**  
**Bearing: 230 Degrees**

**Location: SE wet boundary.**  
**Taken in 2012**



**Data Point – AC-1**  
**Bearing:** 340 Degrees

**Location:**  
**Taken in 2012**



**Data Point – AC-2**  
**Bearing:** 20 Degrees

**Location:**  
**Taken in 2012**

## **Appendix D**

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Project Plan Sheet

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
American Colloid  
Carter County, Montana

RECEIVED

JAN 06 1999

ENVIRONMENTAL



Montana Department of Transportation  
Helena, Montana 59620-1001

MASTER FILE  
COPY

Memorandum

To: Carl S. Peil, P.E.  
Preconstruction Engineer

From: Gordon J. Stockstad  
Resources Bureau Chief 

Date: December 23, 1998

Subject: NH STPS BR 6(10)  
Watershed 16  
American Colloid  
Control No. 1396

We request that you approve the Revised Preliminary Field Review Report for the subject project.

Approved D. John Blacker  
Carl S. Peil, P.E.  
Preconstruction Engineer

Date 1/4/99

We are requesting comments from the following individuals, who have also received a copy of the report. We will assume their concurrence if no comments are received by two weeks from the above date.

Distribution:  
C. S. Peil  
J. M. Marshik  
D. R. McIntyre  
R. E. Williams  
B. F. Juvan  
M. P. Johnson  
J. D. Blacker  
FHWA  
Precon File

P. Saindon  
B. A. Larsen  
D. P. Dusek  
K. H. Neumiller  
T. E. Martin  
R. D. Tholt  
S. Prestipino  
Mark A. Wissinger

Revised Preliminary Field Review Report

A field review of the subject project was held in September 18, 1997, with the following people in attendance:

R. E. Mengel	Engineering Services Supr.	Glendive
J. S. Michel	Hydraulics Section	Helena
Larry Sickerson	Environmental Services	Helena
Tim Olson	Environmental Services	Helena
Tom Atkins	Road Design	Helena
John Moran	Geotech	Helena

Introduction

A preliminary field review was previously conducted for this project. The original Preliminary Field Review Report that went out did not request approval from Carl Peil nor did it request comments. The purpose of this Revised Preliminary Field Review Report is to follow the proper procedures for the purpose of activating activities from the Project Management System flow chart for Wetland Mitigation and to include comments that were received after the document had been circulated. The intent of this Report is also to bring everyone up to date on where this project is at and where it is going. Some of the activities on the PMS Wetland Mitigation flow chart have already been completed and will need to be carded out when this project comes around for overrides.

Purpose

As a result of wetland impacts associated with the Alzada - East & West (STPP 23-3(6)130, Control No. 2150), and Alzada South (STPS 326-1(1)0, Control No. 2299) highway projects, MDT is proposing mitigation efforts on Montana School Trust Land. It is intended to tie the construction of this mitigation project to Alzada - East and West for letting purposes. The proposed ready date for the Alzada-East and West project is December, 1999.

To mitigate impacts on the projects mentioned above, MDT is working with American Colloid, the Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (Eastern Land Office), and the Department of Environmental Quality (Reclamation Division) to create wetland habitat. MDT and American Colloid will work together to amend American Colloids reclamation plan to reflect this project. Department of Environmental Quality - Reclamation Division must approve the plan.

MDT is anticipating a mitigation site of approximately 5 acres in size for the wetland impacts associated with the previously mentioned projects. The 5 acres of wetlands will

Carl S. Peil  
Page 3  
December 23, 1998

also be surrounded by a 10 acre buffer zone of upland vegetation. The entire 15 acres will be fenced as an enclosure to livestock grazing. This enclosure will need to be sheep-proof.

#### Project Location and Limits

The wetland mitigation site is located in Carter County approximately 2 miles south and 7 miles west of Alzada, MT. This site is located on Montana School Trust Land in the Lot 7, Lot 10, Lot 11 of Section 36, Township 9 South, Range 58 East, M.P.M., as shown on the attached project location map.

#### Site Description

The wetland mitigation site is located on land owned by the Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation which is leased to the American Colloid Mining Company of Belle Fourche, SD. The 15 acre site was mined for bentonite clay prior to the 1971 Open Cut Mining Act and is in need of reclamation. The topography of the site is typical of open cut mining activities.

#### Design

The design for this proposed mitigation site will be provided by MDT's Road Design Section. It is anticipated that no excavation will be necessary. A dike approximately 58 meters in length will need to be constructed to impound the water for this site. Other design criteria will be based on the water budget analysis provided by the Hydraulics Section. Environmental Services will be the lead unit for this project.

#### Construction

MDT will be responsible for the project letting, construction, and project manager. This project will be tied to the Alzada - East & West project for letting and construction and has an anticipated ready date of December, 1999.

#### Hydraulics

The drainage patterns as shown on existing topographic maps for the watershed associated with this site have been altered due to mining activities. American Colloid provided

Carl S. Peil  
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December 23, 1998

MDT with a drainage area of 167 acres of surrounding watershed. Jerry Michaels is working on a water budget for the proposed site.

#### Water Rights

The Department of Natural Resources and Conservation will be responsible for acquiring the water rights for this site.

#### Geotechnical Considerations

The Geotechnical Section has completed their field investigation. This consisted of five borings at the mitigation site which revealed clay soils underlain by shale. This material is suitable for the creation of a wetland. These soils are highly erodible therefore the design should avoid an earthen spillway for the emergency outlet.

#### Right-of Way

The mitigation site lies within the boundaries of Montana School Trust Land and will be managed and maintained by the DNRC. A wetland conservation agreement between DNRC and MDT will be drafted by MDT for perpetuity. It needs to be addressed in this document whom the responsible party will be for removal of the sheep proof fence once the wetland is functional. It is anticipated the R/W Plans Section will review documents prepared by the DNRC. If the easement or legal description is to be provided by MDT, R/W should be notified so they can request the appropriate survey.

#### Environmental Considerations

No significant environmental effects or issues were identified. An appropriate environmental evaluation and document will be prepared by MDT through Environmental Services for this project. The project should have minimal effect on the habitat of any threatened or endangered species. A hazardous waste analysis and a Cultural Resource site assessment will be needed for the environmental documentation.

#### Field Survey

A topographic survey of the area has been performed. Additional survey for the legal description for the easement



Carl S. Peil  
Page 5  
December 23, 1998

may be required. Right-of-Way Plans Section will be notified so they can request the appropriate survey.

Legal

Legal Services will need to review all agreements with American Colloid and DNRC.

Estimated Cost

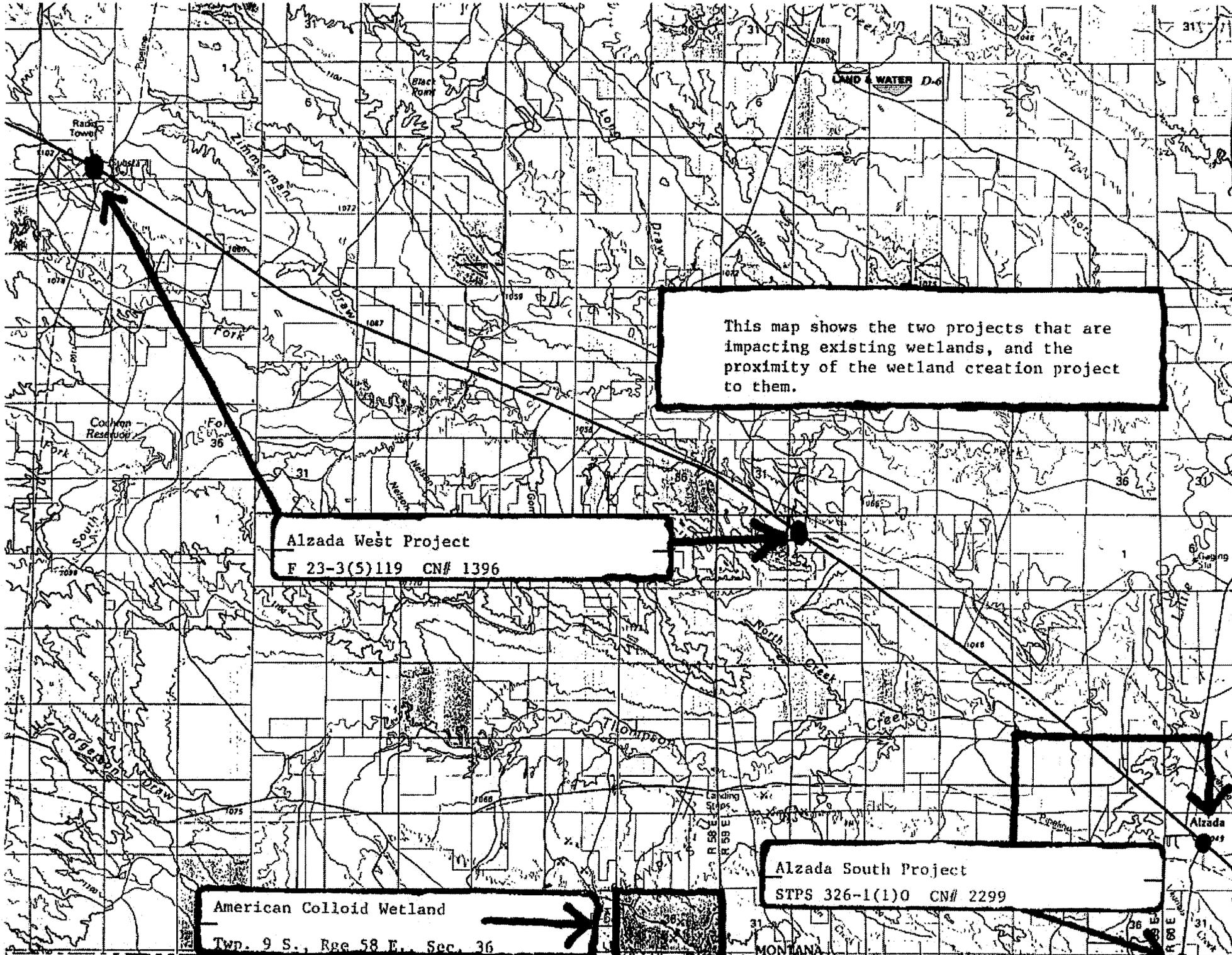
The estimated cost to construct this project is \$15,500. This estimate includes Preliminary Engineering, Acquisition of Right-of-Way, and Construction costs. As soon as more information is available a modification to the programming will be made.

Attachment

GJS:DSA

Distribution:

C.S. Peil - Preconstruction  
M. Johnson - Glendive District  
K.H. Neumiller - Materials  
T.E. Martin - Right of Way  
J.M. Marshik - Environmental  
K.M. Helvik - Environmental  
R.E. Williams - Road Design  
B.F. Juvan - Project Management  
P. Saindon - Planning  
D.W. Jensen - Planning  
J.J. Moran - Geotechnical  
D. Paulson - FHWA  
Environmental File  
Mark A. Wissinger - Contract Plans Supervisor



This map shows the two projects that are impacting existing wetlands, and the proximity of the wetland creation project to them.

Alzada West Project  
F 23-3(5)119 CN# 1396

Alzada South Project  
STPS 326-1(1)0 CN# 2299

American Colloid Wetland  
Twp. 9 S., Rge 58 E., Sec. 36

Alzada

MONTANA





MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
HELENA, MONTANA 59620-1001

DATE ISSUED: July 18, 2001

ADDENDUM

For the Following Project  
To Be Let On

July 26, 2001

- 6. NH-STPS-BR 6(10)  
Watershed 16 – Wetland Mitigation

**ADDENDUM NO. 1**

**ATTACHMENT NO. 1-** Revised Schedule of Items, deleting item 203 100 000  
Unclassified Excavation, and adding new item  
203 300 000 Embankment In Place 2,115.0 M3.

**ATTACHMENT NO. 2-** Revised Special Provision 6, Dike Embankment.

**ATTACHMENT NO. 3-** Revised Plan Sheet 3, revision of Grading Frame.

**INSTRUCTIONS – READ CAREFULLY**

Load the electronic amendment file while in the opened project file to apply the addendum. In order to be responsive, the Schedule of Items printout on projects with addendums must show the addendum(s) applied at the bottom of each page.

Revised documents supersede and replace the documents you now have. New documents supplement the documents you now have. Make the necessary changes in your bidding documents.

  
 Mark A. Wissinger, P.E.  
 Contract Plans Supervisor



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# NOTES

<u>ROAD PLANS</u>	<u>SHEET NO.</u>
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DAM END VIEW	4
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PLAN & PROFILE	5
CROSS SECTIONS	1-2

## PROPERTY CORNER

THE PROPERTY CORNER LOCATED WITHIN THE EASEMENT WILL BE REMOVED AND RESET BY STATE FORCES.

## BACKSLOPE

GRADE AND SHAPE BACKSLOPES OF THE WETLAND SITE TO 4:1 AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. THE COST OF THE BACKSLOPE WORK IS INCLUDED IN THE OTHER GRADING ON THE PROJECT.

## CLEARING AND GRUBBING

CLEAR AND GRUB TO CONSTRUCTION LIMITS. INCLUDE THE COST OF CLEARING AND GRUBBING IN OTHER ITEMS.

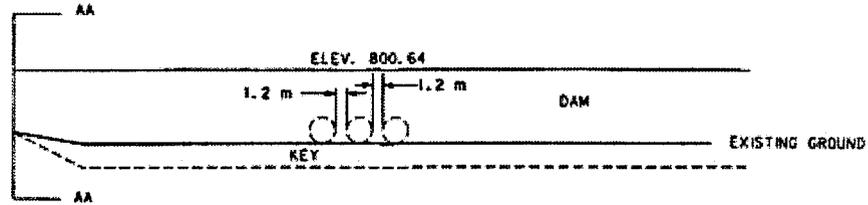


1398V of 1400a.dgn

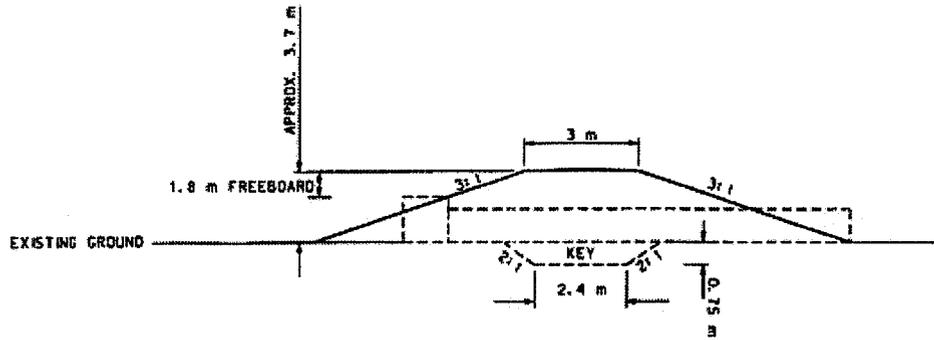
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5-01-2007	REVISED	DAVID B. JENSEN
5-01-2007	REVISED	DAVID B. JENSEN
5-01-2007	REVISED	DAVID B. JENSEN



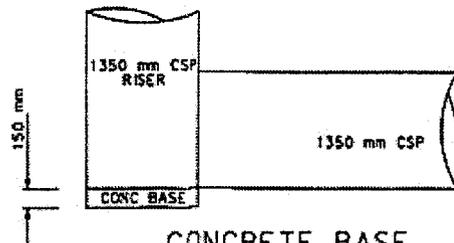
# DETAILS



SIDE VIEW DAM  
NOT TO SCALE



END VIEW DAM  
NOT TO SCALE  
SECTION AA



CONCRETE BASE  
NOT TO SCALE



CS&M 10/10/10 10/10/10

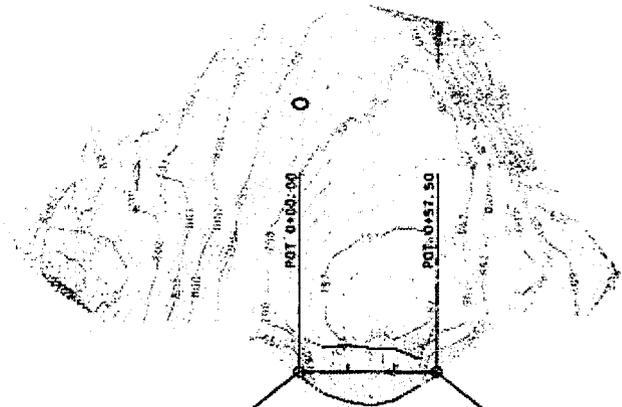
NO.	DATE	BY	REVISION
1	10/10/10	CS&M	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
2	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
3	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
4	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
5	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
6	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
7	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
8	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
9	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS
10	10/10/10	CS&M	REVISED FOR COMMENTS

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.
MONTANA	WR-57PS-BR 61101	5



MONTANA  
 LAND & WATER  
 DIVISION

PROJECT NO. 61101  
 SHEET NO. 5  
 DATE 10/15/01  
 DRAWN BY J. H. HARRIS  
 CHECKED BY J. H. HARRIS



PROJECT LIMITS

PROJECT LIMITS

